**L.E #1 Vocab Review**

**Assignment 3 Exercise**

Review the terms and then complete the below vocabulary exercise, and email it to your Criminal Justice teacher via email:

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| A | Adversary System | K | Indictment |
| B | Arraignment | L | Information |
| C | Attorney General | M | Initial Appearance |
| D | Bail | N | Nolo Contendere |
| E | Bail Bondsperson | O | Plea Bargaining |
| F | Boykin Form | P | Preliminary Hearing |
| G | Case Attrition | Q | Preventive Detention |
| H | Defense Attorney | R | Public Defenders |
| I | Discovery | S | Release on Recognizance (ROR) |
| J | Grand Jury | T | Ten Percent Cash Bail |
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|  | accused’s first appearance before a judge or magistrate following arrest; during the appearance, the defendant is informed of the charges, advised of the right to counsel, told the amount of bail, and given a date for the preliminary hearing. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | alternative to traditional bail in which the defendants may gain pretrial release by posting ten percent of their bond amount to the court instead of seeking a bail bondsperson. |
|  | businessperson who agrees, for a fee, to pay the bail amount if the accused fails to appear in court as ordered. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | charge or written accusation, issued by a grand jury, that probable cause exists to believe that a named person has committed a crime. |
|  | court proceeding in which the suspect is formally charged with the criminal offense stated in the indictment. The suspect enters a plea (guilty, not guilty, nolo contendere) in response. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Court-appointed attorneys who are paid by the state to represent defendants who are unable to hire private counsel. |
|  | form that must be completed by a defendant who pleads guilty; the defendant states that he or she has done so voluntarily and with full comprehension of the consequences. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | Formal investigation prior to trial. During discovery, the defense uses various methods to obtain information from the prosecution to prepare for trial. |
|  | initial hearing in which a magistrate decides if there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed the crime with which he or she is charged. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | judge’s order that releases an accused from jail with the understanding that he or she will return for further proceedings of his or her own will; used instead of setting a monetary bond. |
|  | Latin for “I will not contest it.” A criminal defendant’s plea, in which he or she chooses not to challenge, or contest, the charges brought by the government. Although the defendant may still be sentenced or fined, the plea neither admits nor denies guilt. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | legal system in which the prosecution and the defense are opponents, or adversaries, and present their cases in the light most favorable to themselves. The court arrives at a just solution based on the evidence presented by the contestants and determines who wins and who loses. |
|  | The amount or conditions set by the court to ensure that an individual accused of a crime will appear for further criminal proceedings. If the accused person provides bail, whether in cash or by means of a bail bond, then she or he is released from jail. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | The chief law enforcement officer of a state; also; the chief law enforcement officer of the nation. |
|  | The formal charge against the accused issued by the prosecutor after a preliminary hearing has found probable cause. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | The group of citizens called to decide whether probable cause exists to believe that a suspect committed the crime with which she or he has been charged. |
|  | The lawyer representing the defendant |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | The process by which the accused and the prosecutor work out a mutually satisfactory conclusion to the case, subject to court approval. Usually, plea bargaining involves the defendant’s pleading guilty to a lesser offense in return for a lighter sentence. |
|  | The process through which prosecutors, by deciding whether or not to prosecute each person arrested, effect an overall reduction in the number of persons prosecuted. As a result, the number of persons convicted and sentenced is much smaller than the number of persons arrested. |
| \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | The retention of an accused person in custody due to the fears that he or she will commit a crime if released before trial. |